

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 4:

B44C 1/17, B41B 5/00

B32B 3/02

(11) International Publication Number: WO 87/ 04393

(43) International Publication Date: 30 July 1987 (30.07.87)

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US87/00055

(22) International Filing Date: 16 January 1987 (16.01.87)

(31) Priority Application Number: 819,605

(32) Priority Date: 17 January 1986 (17.01.86)

(71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: HARE, Donald, S. [US/US]; 4 Lexington Avenue, New York, NY 10010 (US).

(74) Agent: BIRCH, Anthony, L.; Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, 301 North Washington Street, P.O. Box 747, Falls Church, VA 22046-0747 (US).

(81) Designated States: AT (European patent), BE (European patent), CH (European patent), DE (European patent), FR (European patent), GB (European patent), IT (European patent), JP, LU (European patent), NL (European patent), SE (European patent).

Published

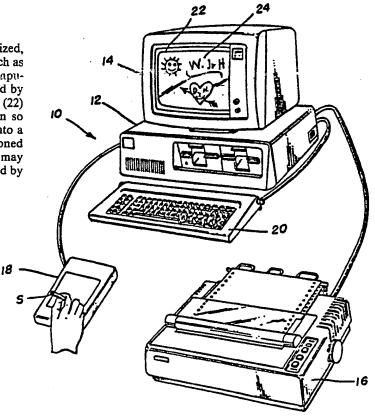
With international search report. With amended claims.

(54) Title: A METHOD OF AND TRANSFER SHEET FOR APPLYING A CREATIVE DESIGN TO A FABRIC OF A SHIRT OR THE LIKE

(57) Abstract

(33) Priority Country:

A method for creating personalized, creative designs or images on a fabric such as a tee shirt or the like using a personal computer system (10). The design is first created by hand (see stylus S) on the monitor screen (22) of the computer system (10). The design so created is then printed by printer (16) onto a heat transfer sheet. The design is then ironed onto the fabric or tee shirt. The design may also be an image, such as a picture created by a video camera.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

 $Codes \ used \ to \ identify \ States \ party \ to \ the \ PCT \ on \ the \ front \ pages \ of \ pamphlets \ publishing \ international \ applications \ under \ the \ PCT.$

					*
ΑT	Austria	FR	France	ML	Mali
ΑU	Australia	GA	Gabon	MR	Mauritania
BB	Barbados	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
BE	Belgium	HU	Hungary	NL	Netherlands
BG	Bulgaria	TT	Italy	NO	Norway
BJ	Benin	JР	Japan	RO	Romania
BR	Brazil	KP	Democratic People's Republic	SD	Sudan
CF	Central African Republic		of Korea	SE	Sweden
CG	Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SN	Senegal
CH	Switzerland	LI	Liechtenstein	SU	Soviet Union
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
DE	Germany, Federal Republic of	LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
DK	Denmark	MC	Monaco	US	United States of America
TT .	Finland	MG	Madagascar		

A METHOD OF AND TRANSFER SHEET FOR APPLYING A CREATIVE DESIGN TO A FABRIC OF A SHIRT OR THE LIKE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application Serial No. 703,529, filed February 20, 1985.

The present invention relates to a method for utilizing a personal computer, a video camera or the like to create graphics, images or creative designs on a fabric. More specifically, the present invention relates to a method of creating graphics, images or other creative designs on the face of a cathode ray tube (or within a video camera) and transferring those graphics, images or designs to a fabric such as a tee shirt or the like.

In recent years, tee shirts with a variety of designs thereon have become very popular. A large

number of tee shirts are sold with pre-printed designs to suit the various tastes of consumers. In addition, many customized tee shirt parlors have sprung up, particularly in resort areas, which permit customers to select designs of their choice. Processes have also been proposed for permitting customers to create their own designs on transfer sheets for application to tee shirts by use of a conventional iron, such as described in U.S. Patent 4,224,358, issued September 23, 1980, to the present inventor.

Simultaneous with the development of the tee shirt rage, there is a growing popularity for equipment and processes for creating personalized graphics or designs on the visual monitor of a computer system or television screen. Many products are available for permitting such graphics or designs to be put on these screens, such as the "Koala Pad Touch Tablet", manufactured by Koala Technologies of Santa Clara, California. Another well-known form of device for creating personalized graphics and transferring them to the screen of a computer is the "mouse". Graphics can also be created using the well-known "joy stick", keys from

a conventional keyboard, light pens and simply by moving one's finger over a touch-sensitive monitor screen.

The use of video cameras by the movie or home photographer has also become quite popular. The cost of these video cameras has been dropping to make them readily available to a large number of consumers.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is a primary object of the present invention to provide a method which will attract the interest of consumer groups which are already captivated by the tee shirt rage described above; as well as the creative graphics rage utilized in connection with personal computer systems; and the wide-spread use of video cameras.

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide a method permitting the creation of personalized designs, images or graphics on a visual monitor or within a video camera; printing of the designs, images or graphics so created on a transfer sheet with the aid of a computer printer; and ironing of the personalized

designs or graphics on the transfer sheet onto a conventional tee shirt or other fabric.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide a method which enlarges the present uses of graphic techniques developed for personal computers.

It is another object of the present invention to provide an improved transfer sheet which is receptive to the inks used in computer printers.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a method which creates a more entertaining way to make one's own personalized tee shirt than known heretofore, through conventional, manual operations.

It is yet another object of the present invention to provide a new form of entertainment for personal computers.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a method which can be practiced in a coin-operated, arcade environment to permit customers to electronically create their own personalized tee shirts through a coin-operated computer system containing the required graphics capabilities.

The objects of the present invention are fulfilled by providing a method for applying a creative design, image or graphics to a fabric or a shirt, or the like, comprising the steps of:

- a) electronically generating said image;
- b) electronically transferring said image to a printer;
- c) printing said image with the aid of said printer on an obverse surface of a transfer sheet, said transfer sheet including a substrate with a first coating thereon transferable therefrom to said fabric by the application of heat or pressure, and a second coating on said first coating, said second coating defining said obverse face and consisting essentially of Singapore Dammar Resin;
- d) positioning the obverse surface of said transfer sheet against said fabric; and
- e) applying energy to the rear of said transfer sheet to transfer said image to said fabric.

The image may be electronically generated by a video camera, so the image may be a picture of one self or a family member, which may be printed on a fabric.

The steps of electronically generating the creative design may also be performed by manually manipulating a cursor across the screen of a visual monitor to create the design, the pattern of movement of the cursor being stored in the memory of an associated personal computer, to enable the pattern to be displayed on the cathode ray tube thereof.

The electronic manipulation of the cursor may be performed on a "Koala Pad", by a "mouse", "joystick", keys on a keyboard, light pen, or by moving one's finger across a touch-sensitive, monitor screen.

The printer utilized may be a multi-color printer or one tht simply prints black on white. In the latter case, the creative design would comprise only the outline or shapes of objects and color could be added directly to the transfer sheet following printing by the operator, by the use of heat-transferable, color crayons, such as ordinary wax crayons (e.g. crayola), permanent markers, or oil-base paints.

If a message is to be included in the creative design, such as a word of the alphabet, software

may be provided within the personal computer which permits the image created on the screen to be horizontally reversed. The reversed image would then be transferred to the printer and printed in reverse form onto the transfer sheet. One could then simply iron from the back of the transfer sheet and transfer the original, unreversed image from the screen directly onto the fabric of the tee shirt or the like.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description given hereinbelow, and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the present invention, and wherein:

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic illustration of an exemplary personal computer system which might be used for practicing the method of the present invention;

Figure 2 is an enlarged view of the exemplary, personalized, creative design illustrated on the monitor screen in the system of Figure 1;

Figure 3 illustrates a transfer sheet printed with the design created on the screen of Figure 1 with the message thereon horizontally reversed;

Figure 4 illustrates the step of ironing the design created on the transfer sheet onto a tee shirt or the like; and

Figure 5 is an illustration of the final design as it would appear on a tee shirt.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring in detail to Figure 1, there is generally illustrated a personal computer system which may be utilized for practicing the method of the present invention. This computer system is generally illustrated 10, and includes a central processing unit (CPU) 12 of any commercially—available type such as an (IBM PC), an (Apple, McIntosh PC), or any other suitable type. The computer system further includes a monitor 14 having a display screen 22, a keyboard 20, and a matrix—graphics printer 16. Printer 16 may be any commercially—available printer, and in a preferred embodiment is a "OKIMATE 10", manufactured by Okidata Company, which is capable of printing

graphics in approximately twenty-six colors. The computer system 10 further includes a graphics input pad 18 such as a "(KOALA PAD TOUCH TABLET)" manufactured by Koala Technologies. This graphics input pad permits one to create, by hand, any desired pattern on the pad by means of a stylus "S" and the pattern so created on the pad is electronically transferred through an appropriate cable to the screen of monitor 14 through the CPU 12.

As further illustrated in Figure 1, the creative design or pattern being created on graphics input pad 18 is the design 24 illustrated on screen 22, including an illustration of a smiling sun in the upper left-hand corner of the screen, the message "W. Jr. H.S." in the upper right-hand corner, and a heart with an arrow through it bearing appropriate initials. This design 24 is illustrated in more detail in the enlarged view of Figure 2.

It should be understood that this design 24 can be created on screen 22 by various means other than the graphics input pad 18. For example, it could be created by use of a well-known "mouse" which is also electrically coupled to the CPU 12; a

"joy stick" electrically coupled to the CPU 12; by means of keys on the keyboard 20; a hand-held light pan which is moved across the face of screen 22; or screen 22 may be a touch-sensitive screen so that a pattern may be created thereon by movement of one's finger across the screen.

In the preferred embodiment where the (KOALA GRAPHICS INPUT PAD) is utilized, this devide has the capability of selecting colors for portions of the pattern created. For example, if the outline of the sun with the face is to be orange, an appropriate color selection key would be actuated in the control portion of pad 18. Likewise, the internal portion of the sun symbol could be colored a solid yellow, and the background around the sun could be colored sky blue. Of course, the colors selected by pad 18 would be appropriately displayed in those colors on the screen 22 and the same color selection information would be transferred to the printer 16 so that the final image printed on transfer paper 50, to be described hereinafter, would be printed thereon in inks of the selected colors for the corresponding portions of the design or pattern.

In an alterntive embodiment, it may be desirable to merely draw the outline in black and white of the pattern 24, print the same on transfer sheet 50 with the aid of printer 16, and then hand-color the transfer sheet 50 with heat-transferrable, colored crayons, such as ordinary wax crayons (e.g. (CRAYOLA), permanent markers, or oil paints which then become transferrable with heat, to achieve a transfer pattern of a desired color distribution.

When it is desired to create an alphabetical message, such as "W.Jr. H.S.", as part of the design 24, it is necessary to have some means of reversing the image from left to right within the CPU 12 before it is printed onto the transfer sheet 50 by the printer 16. This is best illustrated by the combination of the illustrations in Figure 2 and 3. Figure 2 shows the image of the design 24 as it appears on screen 22 of monitor 14 and Figure 3 shows the design 24 as it would be printed as a reverse image on transfer sheet 50. The purpose of reversing the image from left to right, or vice versa, is so that when one applies a source of heat energy, such as from an iron, to the backside 50A of transfer sheet 50, the image which is

transferred to a tee shirt or fabric 62 is the reverse image of that of Figure 3, which corresponds to the same image that was originally created on screen 22 of monitor 14. This horizontal flip or image reversal within the CPU 12 may be easily accomplished by commercially—available software to make it possible to create alphabetical messages on the surface of fabrics without writing the message backwards initially, such as by means of stylus "S" on the graphic input pad 18.

Figure 4 illustrates how the final step of heat transfer from transfer sheet 50 to a tee shirt or fabric 62 is performed. The tee shirt 62 is laid flat, as illustrated, on an appropriate support surface, and the iron 64 is run and pressed across the back 52A of transfer sheet 50.

If the pattern being transferred is design 24, as illustrated on screen 22 of monitor 14, the resulting pattern on the tee shirt 62 is illustrated in Figure 5. As stated hereinbefore, the design 24 may be appropriately colored, either by preselection of colors, by use of the graphics input pad 18 and the associated controls in

conjunction with the multi-color printing capability of printer 16, or the colors of design 24 on tee shirts 62 may be the result of hand-coloring a black and white outline which was printed on transfer sheet 50.

Transfer sheet 50 in a preferred embodiment comprises, in part, a transfer paper manufactured by Kimberly-Clark Corporation under the trademark "(TRANS-EZE)". Any other commercially-available transfer sheet may be utilized which has a substrate with a coating which is transferable to a receptor sheet upon the application of heat or pressure to the back of the substrate. discovery of the present invention, however, that the transferable coating of "(TRANS-EZE)", and other commercially-available transfer sheets, are not sufficiently receptive, or absorbent with respect to either the inks normally used in computertype printers or ordinary wax crayons (e.g. CRAYOLA) to facilitate the printing/coloring of a good quality, clearly recognizable image on the transfer sheet and the subsequent transfer of the image to a fabric. This problem has been solved in accordance with the present invention by coating the transferable layer of conventional transfer

sheets with an overcoating of Singapore Dammar Resin in a manner described in the following example.

Example

The transfer layer of a transfer sheet, comprised of latex saturated paper with a polymer coating of polyethylene base, such as ("TRANS-EZE") manufactured by Kimberly-Clark Corporation, may be spray-coated or applied via commercial offset or litho printers with Singapore Dammar Resin. The entire transfer sheet, including the substrate, heat transferable coating and Singapore Dammar Resin, may then be run through a hot air drier to remove tackiness. This will permit stacking and slip-sheeting of the resulting products.

The Singapore Dammar Resin overcoat of the transfer sheet has been found by the present inventor to exhibit excellent receptivity and non-smudge characteristics with respect to a wide variety of commercially-available printing inks utilized in state-of-the-art computer printers. The transfer sheet of the present invention has been successfully tested with the inks used in computer printers, such as the (OKIMATE 10) by

Okidata, and the (TOSHIBA 5400); thermal ribbon transfer printers using wax-based pigment inks on polyester ribbon substrates. Successful tests have also been performed using dot matrix printers with matrix inks or nylon ribbon, such as used in the entire line of (EPSON) and IBM printers.

Singapore Dammar Resin is also receptive to wax-based crayons, permanent markers, and oil paints, so it may be readily hand-colored as described hereinbefore.

The invention being thus described, it may be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be recorded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A transfer sheet comprising:
 - a) a substrate;
- b) a first coating on said substrate of material transferable from said substrate to a receptor surface by the application of heat or pressure thereto; and
- c) a second coating on said first coating, said second coating consisting essentially of Singapore Dammar Resin.
- 2. The transfer sheet of claim 1 wherein said substrate and said first coating comprise a transfer paper manufactured by Kimberly-Clark Corporation under the trademark "Transeeze".

- 3. A method of applying an image to a fabric of a shirt or the like comprising the steps of:
 - electronically generating said image;
- b) electronically transferring said image to a printer;
- c) printing said image with the aid of said printer on an obverse surface of a transfer sheet, said transfer sheet including a substrate with a first coating thereon transferable therefrom to said fabric by the application of energy, and a second coating on said first coating, said second coating defining said obverse face and consisting essentially of Singapore Dammar Resin;
- d) positioning the obverse surface of said transfer sheet against said fabric; and
- e) applying energy to the rear of said transfer sheet to transfer said image to said fabric.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein said substrate and said first coating comprise a transfer paper manufactured by Kimberly-Clark Corporation under the trademark "Transeeze".

- 5. The method of claim 3 wherein said image is electronically generated by a video camera.
- 6. The method of claim 3 wherein the step of electronically generating the image is performed by manually manipulating a cursor across the screen of a video monitor to create the image, the pattern of movement of the cursor being stored in a memory to enable the pattern to be displayed as an image on the monitor screen.
- 7. The method of claim 5, wherein the step of electronically transferring said image to a printer is performed by transferring the pattern in said memory to said printer.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein said printer prints said image on said transfer sheet in selected, multiple colors.
- 9. The method of claim 3, wherein said printer prints said image on said transfer sheet in selected, multiple colors.

- 10. The method of claim 3, wherein said printer prints an outline of said image on said transfer sheet and the outline of the image on said transfer sheet is selectively colored by hand with wax-based crayons.
 - 11. The method of claim 3, wherein said energy is heat.
 - 12. The method of claim 11, wherein said heat is manually applied by an iron.
 - 13. The method of claim 3, wherein said energy is pressure.
 - 14. The method of claim 3, including the further steps of electronically, horizontally reversing the image for printing by said printer.
 - 15. The method of claim 6, wherein the manual manipulation of said cursor is performed by a "mouse" which is electrically coupled to said monitor.

AMENDED CLAIMS

[received by the International Bureau on 1 June 1987 (01.06.87); original claim 4 amended; new claims 16-31 added (4 pages)]

Claim 4. (Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein said substrate and said first coating comprise a transfer paper manufactured by Kimberly-Clark Corporation under the trademark ("TRANS-EZE").

- Claim 16. A method of applying a creative design to a fabric of a shirt or the like comprising the steps of:
- a) electronically generating said creative design on the screen of a visual monitor tube;
- b) electronically transferring said design from the screen of said monitor to a printer;
- c) printing said design with the aid of said printer on an obverse surface of a transfer sheet;
- d) positioning the obverse surface of said transfer sheet against said rabric; and
- e) applying energy to the rear of said transfer sheet to transfer said design to said fabric.

Claim 17. The method of Claim 16, wherein the step of electronically generating the creative design is performed by manually manipulating a cursor across the screen of the monitor to create the design, the pattern of movement of the cursor being stored in a memory to enable the pattern to be displayed on the monitor screen.

Claim 18. The method of Claim 17, wherein the step of electronically transferring said design to a printer is performed by transferring the pattern in said memory to said printer.

Claim 19. The method of Claim 18 wherein said printer prints said design on said transfer sheet in selected, multiple colors.

Claim 20. The method of Claim 16, wherein said printer prints said design on said transfer sheet in selected, multiple colors.

Claim 21. The method of Claim 16, wherein said printer prints an outline of sid design on said transfer sheet and the outline of the design on

said transfer sheet is selectively colored by hand in energy-transferable colored material.

Claim 22. The method of Claim 16, wherein said energy is heat.

Claim 23. The method of Claim 22, wherein said heat is manually applied by an iron.

Claim 24. The method of Claim 16, wherein said energy is pressure.

Claim 25. The method of Claim 16, including the further steps of electronically, horizontally reversing the image of the design on said screen for printing by said printer.

Claim 26. The method of Claim 17, wherein the manual manipulation of said cursor is performed by a "mouse" which is electrically coupled to said monitor.

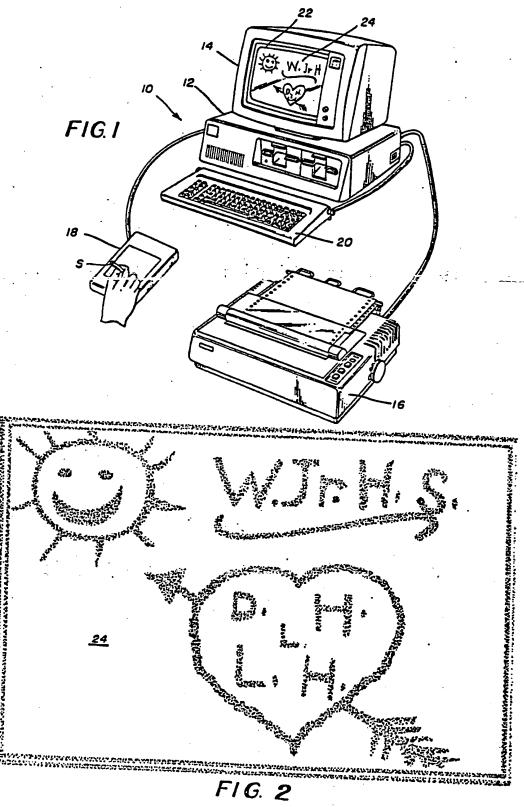
Claim 27. The method of Claim 17, wherein the manual manipulation of said cursor is performed by a "joy stick" which is electrically coupled to said monitor.

Claim 28. The method of Claim 17, wherein the manual manipulation of a cursor is performed by the keys on a keyboard which is electrically coupled to said monitor.

Claim 29. The method of Claim 17, wherein the manual manipulation of said cursor is performed by moving a stylus across the graphics input pad which is electrically coupled to said monitor.

Claim 30. The method of Claim 17, wherein the manual manipulation of said cursor is performed with a "light pen" on said screen.

Claim 31. The method of Claim 17, wherein the manual manipulation of said cursor is performed by moving one's finger across said screen and said screen is touch-sensitive.



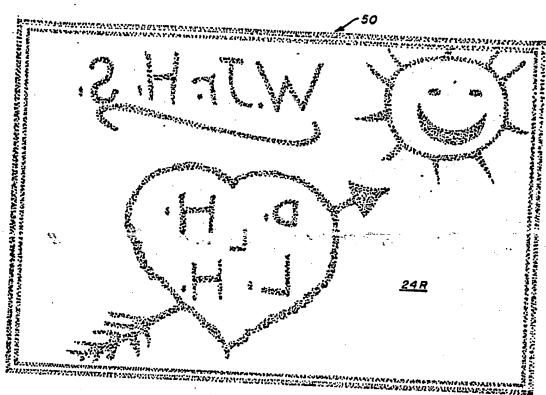


FIG. 3

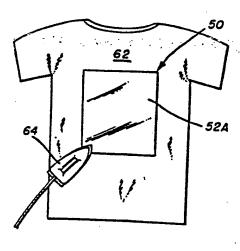
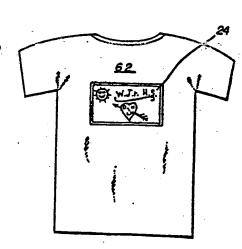


FIG. 4



F1G. 5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application NoPCT/US87/00055

THE STATE OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply indicate all 3								
U. S. Cl. 156/240, 277; 400/65, 84; 428/202, 914								
II. FIELDS SEARCHED								
Classification System								
Classification Symbols	DE SEARCHED Minimum Documentation Searched 4 Classification Symbols 156/200, 275, 400/65, 84; 428/202, 914 DE SEARCHED Minimum Documentation Searched 4 Classification Symbols 156/200, 235, 239, 240, 247, 249, 277, 289; 340/747, 748, 407 283/67; 101/34 S. 428/40, A1, 42, 200, 207, 346, 913, 914, 915 Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched a Classification Symbols LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 16 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the searched a Classification Symbols LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 16 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a Classification Symbols LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 16 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the (slexat) of the Searched a LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the Searched a LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the Searched a LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document, 18 with Indication, where appropriate, of the Searched Searched a LUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 11 Citation of Document 18 percent 18 percent 19 per							
156/200 225 220 270 277 277 277 277								
150/200,253,259,240,247,249,277,289; 340/747,748,407								
Allon System Classification Symbols 156/200, 225, 239, 240, 247, 249, 277, 289; 340/747, 748, 407 283/67; 101/34 428/40, 41, 42, 200, 272, 346, 913, 914, 915 Decumentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched a California of Document, 10 with Indication, where approximate, of the galaxyst present of the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched a California of Document, 10 with Indication, where approximate, of the galaxyst present of the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched a California of Document, 10 with Indication, where approximate, of the galaxyst present of the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched a California of Califor								
Searched Classification Symbols 156/200,235,239,240,247,249,277,289; 340/747,748,407 400/65,83,84,191 233/67; 101/34 428/40,41,42,200,207,346,913,914,915 Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are included in the Fields Searched Document, 10 with indication, where approximate, of the relevant present of the relation of Document, 10 with indication, where approximate, of the relevant present of the relation of Document, 10 with indication, where approximate, of the relevant present of the relevant of the relevant to Claim Hundred In the Fields Searched Document, 10 with indication, where approximate, of the relevant present in the relevant present in the relevant of the relation of Document, 10 with indication, where approximate, of the relevant present in the relevant present in the relevant present in the relevant to Claim Hundred In the Fields Searched Document In the Searched of the relation of Document In the Search of Search of the Relation of Technical Interview in the Relation of Technical Interview								
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation								
to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched 6								
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE DELEVANTU								
	6.5							
Citation of Document, to with Indication, where appropriate, of the relevant personner ty	7. 251 to Claim (10, 15							
A TIC A / 51/ 500 (many) at								
A US, A, 4,344,390 (KGAN) OI October 1985								
A US, A, 4,440,589 (LOCK) 03 April 1984								
	·							
Y US, A, 4,284,456 (HARE) 18 Appropriate 1981								
(Note column line 36 to column 2 line 15	3, and 5 to 16							
20 to 39).								
A TIS A 4 260 6E0 (ADAT TO AT) AS A								
4, 4,205,630 (AKAL ET AL) 26 May 1981	1							
7 70 1 1 000 000 1	,							
us, A, 4,235,657 (GREENMAN ET AL) 25 November 1980	2 4							
(see column 2 lines 26 to 48).	2 4111 4							
· ·								
Y US, A, 4,224,358 (HARE) 23 Sentember 1980								
(see column 1 line 23 to column 2 line 16 and 6:	03 and 5 to 16							
. The to and rightes 1 to 5).								
A US. A. 4.216 286 (COMPAN OF A 1999)	I							
19 19 1910 (GREENE ET AL) CO AUGUST 1980	-							
A US. & 4.147 979 (COMMENT BY AT) OC 14-11 1079	-							
us, a, 4,142,929 (OliMine ET AL) 06 March 1979								
	.							
A US, A, 4,038, 123 (SAMIS) 26 July 1977								
	,							
Y US, A, 3,578,525 (MDRIER) 11 May 1971 (con Figure 2)								
1377 (See Figure 27.	land 2							
• Special categories of cited documents: 15 "T" leter document sublished after the cite								
"A" document defining the general state of the srt which is not								
cited to understand the principle of the	eory underlying the							
A UULUIII DI DATICIIRE FAIQUERAS: the	alalmed investing							
"L" document which may throw doubte as assistantial cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to								
which is cited to establish the publication date of another								
"O" document referring to an end distribution								
other means								
feter then the mile international ming date but								
a cocument member of the same patent in	amily							
IV. CERTIFICATION								
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search 3 Date of Mailing of this International Search Report 2								
7 4 440 404								
24 February 1987 3 1 MAR 1987	I							
International Searching Authority I								
24 February 1987 International Searching Authority: ISA/IS Signature of Authorized Officer to Cultural Factories Signature of Authorized Officer to Cultural Factories	<u> </u>							

International Application No.

PCT/US87/00055

					PCT/US87/00055						
III. DOCU			RED TO BE R			FROM THE SE					
Category •		itation of Do	cument, 19 with	indication, where	appropriate,	of the relevant p	assages 17	Relevant to C	laim No 18		
Y .	US,	A, 3,095,	649 (WICHW	ICK) 02 July	1963 (see	Figure 1).		I			
A	WD.	A. 83/010)19 (DENNTS)	ON MANUFACTU	RING COMPA	NY) 31 March	1983				
-	,	,,				, <u></u>		:			
ì									•		
i								ļ			
			·.					<u>!</u>			
				•				i :			
									•		
						•		•			
				-				•			
i est. E		كالعاما		The state of the s	e i kanadida ad a i englissa	e de la companya de La companya de la co	·		•		
						•					
				•				•			
							•				
								!			
							•	l			
						•					
				a.							
								1			
	•										
								•			
*								;			
•		•					erso _g e				
				•							
						•					
									٠		
		٠									
								:			
								:			
								i			
:	i										
				·				•			

